

*The*

# Crest

*Current Issues in Coastal Ocean and Estuarine Science*

## VIMS Hires New Dean and Director

Dr. John T. Wells has been appointed Director of VIMS and Dean of the William and Mary School of Marine Science. Currently director of the University of North Carolina Institute of Marine Science at Morehead City, Wells is expected to assume his new responsibilities on August 1, 2004.

"John Wells is a nationally prominent scientific leader who can bring new vision, increased name recognition, strong federal connections, and bold and inspired guidance to VIMS," says

VIMS Director L. Donelson Wright, who will be returning to his research career in VIMS' Physical Sciences Department.

"I am confident that, under his direction, VIMS will advance to a new plateau of scientific excellence and interdisciplinary understanding and that the Institute's funding base will be significantly expanded and diversified."

William and Mary Provost Geoffrey Feiss says that "John Wells

is a marine geologist of the first order with a wealth of experience around the globe. His interest in sedimentary environments will enrich VIMS' reputation for excellence in the study of estuaries like the Chesapeake Bay, and his record of attracting and managing grants will advance the Institute's efforts to protect our marine environment through externally funded research."

Wells holds a bachelor's degree in geology from Virginia Tech, a master's degree in geological oceanography from Old Dominion University, and a doctorate in marine sciences from Louisiana State University. He launched his teaching and research career in 1979 at Louisiana State University's Coastal Studies Institute, and became an associate professor at the University of North Carolina's marine science institute in 1985. He



Dr. John Wells

was promoted to professor in 1991, and named director of the institute in 1993.

The UNC Institute of Marine Sciences has a mission of providing public service through research, and is

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## Hurricane Isabel Hinders VIMS Research

Hurricane Isabel slammed into the VIMS campus on September 18 during its passage across North Carolina and Virginia. Isabel's storm-surge and waves combined to destroy all three of VIMS' research piers, including the pump houses and lines that supply running seawater to Institute scientists. Waves, storm-surge flooding, and fallen trees also claimed 18,000 sq ft of workspace and displaced 34 scientific and support personnel. Several buildings on campus were without electricity for more than a week.

Director of Facilities Management Joe Martinez estimates that damages to the campus reached \$2-3 million, the highest loss in state government.

Isabel struck particularly hard at research programs involving blue crabs, benthic community ecology, food-web studies, and cobia. Blue crab and benthic community ecology researchers Drs. Rom Lipcius and Rochelle Seitz lost a large number of refrigerated samples, fiberglass tanks, and custom-

made field sampling gear when Isabel's storm surge toppled the landmark Ferry House off its foundation at the end of the Ferry Pier.

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*Images of Isabel*

Debris and damage in maintenance area.



Satellite image of Isabel making landfall.

Photo Courtesy of NASA's Earth Observatory



York River storm tide under Coleman Bridge.



The electrical shop sustained severe damage.



Another view of the debris in maintenance area.



Remnants of pumphouse at the boat basin.



Debris outside the SAV greenhouse.



Ferry Pier and Ferry House after storm.



Fallen tree near Nunnally Hall.

*Hurricane Isabel*  
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"We had moved most of our gear to higher ground or secured it to the pier because we expected flooding," says Seitz, "but we never expected to lose the entire building." The loss of the Ferry House was particularly surprising because it had withstood the great "Storm King" hurricane of 1933, Tropical Storm Agnes in 1972, and several other hurricanes or tropical storms since the 1920s.

Dr. Emmett Duffy's food-web research also suffered from the destruction of the piers. Isabel's storm surge carried off 11 large fiberglass

tanks and 30 medium-sized ones, along with their associated plumbing and filtration systems. Duffy and his graduate students had been using the tanks to explore the working of food webs involving seagrass-dwelling invertebrates. To date, only one of the large tanks has been retrieved, from Queen's Creek upriver of VIMS.

Duffy says that it is hard at this stage to say how loss of the tanks will affect his research. "If everything is rebuilt in a timely way by April or May when our research resumes after winter, we should be OK, although we'll have to expend considerable time and effort to reconfigure the system. If

we lose the spring it will be a significant setback." Plans are to relocate the tanks to the shoreline between Byrd Hall and the VIMS Maintenance Complex, both to protect them from future storms and maximize researcher safety.

Mr. Mike Oesterling, a Commercial Fisheries Specialist in VIMS' VA Sea Grant Program, released fish held in the marine finfish culture facility prior to Isabel's arrival in anticipation of extended power outages and potential physical damage. "The damages to the facility's physical structure can be repaired," says Oesterling, "but the same can not be

said of the lost research animals." Particularly detrimental was release of several 2-year old cobia weighing roughly 30 pounds each, which had been raised from eggs and were to be used as brood stock in 2004. Oesterling also had to release several hundred small cobia that were to be used in tagging research for stock enhancement. The closure of the marine finfish culture facility also postponed continuing aquaculture research on cultured spot until fall 2004.

For additional data on Isabel's effects on the Bay and the VIMS campus, as well as photos and a video clip, visit [www.vims.edu/newsmedia/topstories](http://www.vims.edu/newsmedia/topstories)